## **Pressure Worksheet**

## Name:

Read pages 532-535 first. Use sentences to answer those questions marked with asterisks\*. 1. What type of barometer is shown in figure 2-A on page 533?

2. \*Explain why the mercury would rise in barometer 2-A as a high-pressure system moves into the area?

3. What is the height of the mercury in 2-A? (Include units)

4. In figure 2-A on page 533, what is the space above the mercury called?

5. At sea level, mercury in a barometer will be about 76 cm high (76 cm Hg). This is the same as: (notebook entry may help)

\_\_\_\_\_ mm of Hg \_\_\_\_\_ inches of Hg \_\_\_\_\_ millibars

6. \*At Denver's Mile High Stadium the atmospheric pressure might be about 835 millibars, whereas in Seattle it would be closer to 1015 millibars. Why does elevation (altitude) cause such a difference in pressure?

7. \*What would happen to the height of the mercury if a low pressure system were to move into the area?

8. \*What type of barometer is shown in 2-B, and what advantage does it have over the shown in 2-A?

9. What happens to the hollow cans inside this type of barometer when the pressure is low? Do they expand or get compressed?

10. What do we call the lines shown on the map on page 534?

11. \*Read the caption by figure 3 on p. 534. Does wind blow from areas of higher to areas of lower pressure, or from areas of lower pressure to areas of higher pressure?

12. \*In the movie "Total Recall", the people outside the buildings on Mars were in obvious pain. Explain what was happening to them in terms of the pressure inside and outside of their bodies.

**Bonus (3 pts): \***The atmospheric pressure in the Metrodome (home of the Vikings) is greater than the atmospheric pressure outside the stadium. Find out the reason for this (the internet may help), and then explain why.